



CV

Quatrain noun : Bashar Ghaleb Shihab Ahmed AI – Bayati

Date of Birth : 6/7/1978

Certificate : PhD in Physical Education

PhD date : 31/1/2012

General specialty : Physical education and sports science -
fencing

Detailed specialty : Test and Measurement

Scientific title: Professor Doctor

Date of obtaining the scientific title : 23/7/2020

Number of years of service in higher education: (15 years)

Number of years of service outside higher education: (3) years

Email: dr.basharsport@gmail.com

Awarding body for the bachelor's degree: University of Diyala -
College of Physical Education

Acquired date: (2001-2002)

Awarding body for the master's degree: University of Diyala -
College of Physical Education

Date obtained: (2007)

The awarding body for the doctoral degree: University of Babylon - College of Physical Education and Sports Sciences

Date obtained: (2012)

Master's thesis title (2007):

Predicting the accuracy of shooting in terms of some special motor abilities as a basis for the selection of juniors in the sport of fencing

The letter contained five chapters:

The first Door

* Introduction to the search:

This section contained the introduction and the importance of the research. The importance of using prediction in the sports field was addressed to reveal the future of the process of selecting players to practice a certain type of sports activities that suit their potentials and abilities.

As for the research problem, there is a random selection of youngsters according to the special motor abilities that are not subject to correct scientific foundations by finding

predictive equations for some of the special motor abilities of young people.

* research aims :

1- Recognizing the accuracy of shooting in terms of some of the special motor abilities of the fencing juniors.

2- Finding the correlation between the accuracy test and some special motor abilities tests as a basis for selecting juniors in the sport of fencing.

3- Devising predictive equations for the accuracy of shooting in terms of some special motor abilities as a basis for the selection of juniors in the sport of fencing.

4- Recognizing the capabilities that most contribute to the accuracy of shooting from the stabbing movement of fencing juniors.

* Research areas:

The human domain:

Players of the two training centers for juniors in fencing under the age of 16.

Within the governorates (Baghdad-Diyala).

time domain:

For the period from 12/4/2006 to 31/12/2006.

Spatial domain:

The halls for training the junior team in fencing for the Baghdad Governorate Training Center

It is (the fencing school in Al-Habibiyah).

As well as the arenas and halls for training the junior team in fencing for the training center of Diyala Governorate (the fencing hall at the Teachers Preparation Institute in Baqubah).

Chapter Two

This chapter contains theoretical and similar studies. Theoretical studies include:

Prediction in the sports field and kinetic abilities in the sports field (accuracy, compatibility, balance, kinetic response and agility), the nature of selection in the sports field, the objectives of selection, its types and stages, the importance of tests and measurement when selecting, the relationship of selection to prediction, youth sport in fencing and the selection of juniors in fencing.

Chapter Three

This section included the research methodology used, the research sample, the means of collecting information, determining the study variables, determining the most important tests of special motor abilities, the exploratory

experiment, the scientific foundations of the candidate tests (test reliability, test validity, and objectivity of tests), the method of implementing tests of special motor abilities, sample homogeneity, and statistical means.

Chapter Four

This section included data presentation, results analysis and discussion, as the research objectives were achieved.

Chapter Five

This chapter contains several conclusions and recommendations that the researcher reached through his study, which are:

- 1- The possibility of determining a number of predictions for the specific motor abilities in terms of accuracy as a basis for the selection of juniors in the sport of fencing.
- 2- Accuracy plays a prominent role in improving the motor ability of young players in fencing.
- 3- Compatibility is of great importance in developing the motor abilities of young players in fencing.
- 4- The speed of response is of great importance in the development of motor abilities.

5- The skill of fencing has a prominent role in determining the accuracy of shooting for young players in fencing.

The recommendations are:-

1. The researcher recommends the need to focus on the skill of accuracy in selecting young fencing players because of its prominent role in the prediction process in terms of this ability of the motor skill required of the young player in fencing in the junior stage.

2. The researcher recommends paying attention to the skill of challenge fencing because it has a prominent role in determining the skill of accuracy through repetition. Therefore, it is necessary to pay attention to this motor skill, which is one of the basic skills in the game of fencing.

3. The researcher recommends conducting research and other predictive studies with other indications for variables that the researcher did not address in his research, such as: physical attributes or physical measurements and mental abilities.

1. The researcher recommends generalizing the results of this research to workers in the field of

fencing training for young players in the Iraqi country to take advantage of them in determining the relationships that appeared in this study to predict the test of young players who rely on them to develop their motor skills through training on these skills.

2. The researcher recommends that the abilities that did not appear to be related to the skill of accuracy can be adopted in other studies with indications other than the skill of accuracy. It is possible that predictive relationships appear among them that benefit workers in this field. The researcher recommends the adoption of the equation that he reached to predict the accuracy of shooting as a basis for the selection of juniors in the sport of fencing under the age of 16 years.

The impact of calendar - according to the time of the vote - in scientific knowledge and the performance for Ongard and some basic skills in Fencing sport

**Submitted by:
Bashar Ghalib Al-Bayati**

Athesis submitted to the council of the college of sport education – university of Babylon in a part of the

requirements for the degree of Doctor in sport education

**Supervised by:
Br. Mohammed Jassim AL-Yasiri**

**2011
1433**

Abstract

The impact of calendar - according to the time of the vote - in scientific knowledge and the performance for Ongard and some basic skills in Fencing sport

**Researcher: Bashar Ghalib Al-Bayati
Supervisor: Br. Mohammed Jassim AL-Yasiri
Thesis included five sections, which are as follows:**

Part I - Introduction to search

Contains the door the forefront of research and its importance as well as his problem, which crystallized in the non-use of different types of tests, the calendar and find out their impact on the scientific knowledge of students in spite of its importance in increasing student achievement and good analysis of the different positions, and the selection of the best choices and solutions to meet the requirements of these positions, and accelerate the implementation

during the lesson.

The objectives of the research Vanhsrt in the following:

- 1 - building scale in scientific knowledge on the basic skills in fencing.
- 2 - identify the level of scientific knowledge to some of the basic skills of students at the Duel in the third stage - Faculty of Physical Education - University of Diyala.
- 3 - identify the impact of calendar types - according to the time of the vote - in scientific knowledge of some basic skills in fencing for the students.
- 4 - identify the impact of calendar types - according to the time of the vote - in the performance of members of the research sample of basic skills in the sport of fencing.
- 5 - identify the differences influence the types of calendar - according to the time of the vote - in scientific knowledge in the research sample and the performance of basic skills in fencing.
- 6 - to identify the nature of the relationship between scientific knowledge and the performance of some basic skills in fencing with the students of the Faculty of Physical Education - University of Diyala.

With regard to areas of research, Vestal the human sphere to the students of the third stage in the Faculty of Physical Education - University of Diyala for the academic year 2010-2011 and the number of (100) students, and took temporal area of the period 9/5/2010 until 1/8/2011, and the area spatial guarantees the fencing hall and classrooms at the College of Physical Education under investigation.

Part II - Theoretical studies and studies of similar

This included the door to many of Investigation (the concept of educational evaluation, the types of educational assessment, educational assessment

areas, the importance of educational assessment, Jobs Calendar ,..... and others.

Part III - research methodology and field procedures

The researcher used the descriptive method style survey and relations connectivity in building the scale of scientific knowledge so as to suitability for the nature of the problem, and use the experimental method in a manner totals equal in his quest to determine the impact of calendar types, and steps to perform the search, which included First: to build a measure of scientific knowledge Fencing, and second, the implementation of Steps experimental method of research, as well as statistical methods used to search for data processing in order to draw conclusions.

Began researcher building measures measure are as follows (identify areas of research and determine their relative importance, determine the importance of behavioral objectives of the categories of scientific knowledge identified by Bloom, the preparation of paragraphs of the five areas selected and the five categories of knowledge, which was represented by a table specification shows that, after been paragraphs formulated (paragraphs of multiple-choice) on the experts to judge the validity of the measure are intended to measure, where they retain (134) of paragraph (137) paragraph.

After the experiment reconnaissance was conducted the experiment the main where the implementation of measure to members of the Society of Construction of the students of a total of (61), were excluded (11) called the lack of sincerity in answering, and for the correct measurement and analysis is the extraction factor of difficulty and the ease and distinction paragraphs of the scale and calculate the the scientific basis of the scale, were excluded (21) of

paragraph (134) paragraph, for the remaining (113) were analyzed globally paragraph where it was retained (62) paragraph after the analysis was distributed on the (18) workers.

With regard to the experimental method where a uniformity and parity and control the safety factors internal and external to the totals for the five, as well as the application of four types of assessment, namely, (pre-, formative, the final, which takes all types) included four groups Tejrebibh and a control group and one.

Chapter Four - Results and analysis and discussion

Included this section to display the search results.

Part V - Conclusions and recommendations

Included this section the conclusions reached by the researcher on the basis of results, including:

- 1 - resulted in the analysis process diagrams for building a knowledge scale of basic skills Fencing component of (15) field (factor).
- 2 - the emergence of different levels of knowledge relative weights in the various fields of knowledge with basic skills of members of the research sample of students, as the signifier moral, and other moral signifier.
- 3 - was the impact of calendar types, according to the time the vote is real and statistically significant in changing and improving the scientific knowledge of the skills of fencing with the students of the Faculty of Physical Education - University of Diyala.
- 4 - showed differences in the impact of calendar types (pre-, formative, final, all species) in the scientific knowledge to students of the Faculty of Physical Education - University of Diyala, a high likelihood of the calendar on the equivalent of all kinds and the final calendar.

The answer came the following recommendations, including:

- 1 - subjecting students to the various tests of the calendar as it is the impact on student achievement.**
- 2 - The need testing calendar is continuous and permanent for each subject, rather than over a season, or academic year.**
- 3 - the need to prepare teachers of physical education a way that they can use any type of educational assessment.**
- 4 - the need for faith in the importance of teacher educators Calendar urged the educational process based on the use of calendar types, both from his position he has held.**

Jobs he held:

NO	WORKPLACE	Position	period from to
1	Diyala University - College of Physical Education and Sports Sciences	Department of Theoretical Sciences	2012 الى 2014
2	Diyala University - College of Physical Education and Sports Sciences	Individual games department	-2017 2019

1998
College of Physical Education and Sport Science University of Diyala

Educational institutions in which he taught:

No	Entity (university / college / (institute	period from - to	Subject
1	The Open Educational College - Diyala	2021-2012	Fencing
2	Diyala University - College of Physical Education and Sports Sciences	2008-2005	Handball
3	Diyala University - College of Physical Education and Sports Sciences	2021-2005	Fencing
4	Diyala University - College of Physical Education and Sports Sciences	2018 -2012	Test and measure
5	Diyala University - College of Physical Education and Sports Sciences	2021 -2012	Mathematical Statistics

Courses he taught:

No	Section	College	the University	Subject	academic year
1	Theoretical sciences	Physical Education and Sports Science	Diyala	Mathematical Statistics	2021-2012 yet now
2	Theoretical sciences	Physical Education and Sports Science	Diyala	Test and measure	2018-2012
3	team games	Physical Education and Sports Science	Diyala	Handball	2008-2005
4	single games	Physical Education and Sports Science	Diyala	Fencing	2021-2005 yet now
5	Postgraduate Studies - Masters	Physical Education and Sports Science	Diyala	Mathematical Statistics	yet – 2018 now

The languages he speaks

-Arabic

Contributions to community service

- 1- A member of the Statistical Evaluation Committee.
- 2- Head of the Statistical Committee.
- 3- Referee of the first degree in handball in the Iraqi Olympic Committee
- 4- Lecturer in the developmental courses for handball coaches in Al Khalis Club and Diyala Club 2017-20218

